

UNIPOWER

Power Quality Management System

AEDU, Namibia, 2025

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Renewable Energy and Battery Storage

It's going exponential!



Wind

Wind power generation between 1965 and 2000

Wind power generation

Annual electricity generation from wind is measured in terawatt-hours (TWh) pe offshore wind sources.



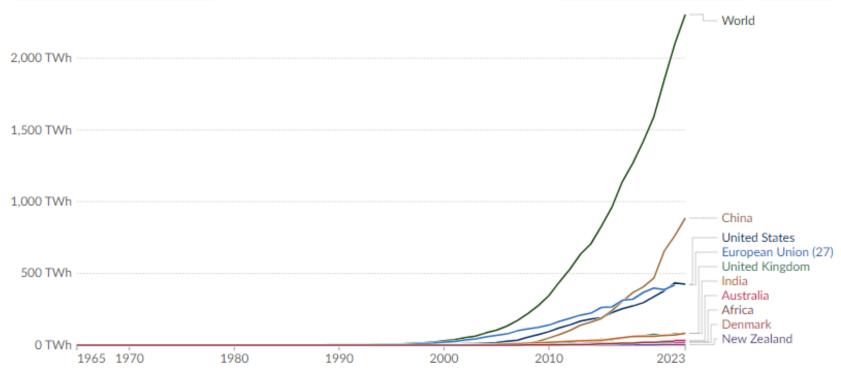


Wind

Wind power generation between 1965 and 2023

0 => 2300 TWh

4x Germany's yearly consumption



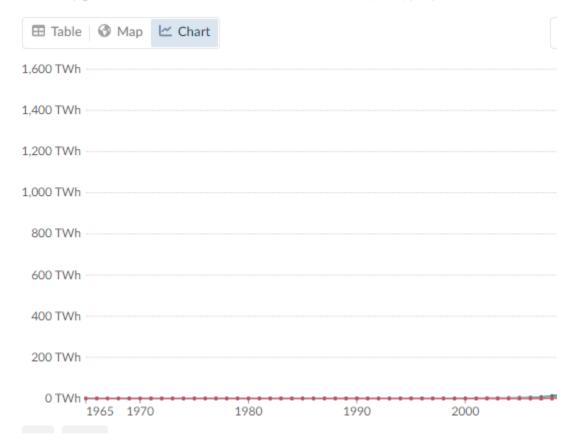


Solar

Solar power generation between 1965 and 2010

Solar power generation

Electricity generation from solar, measured in terawatt-hours (TWh) per year.



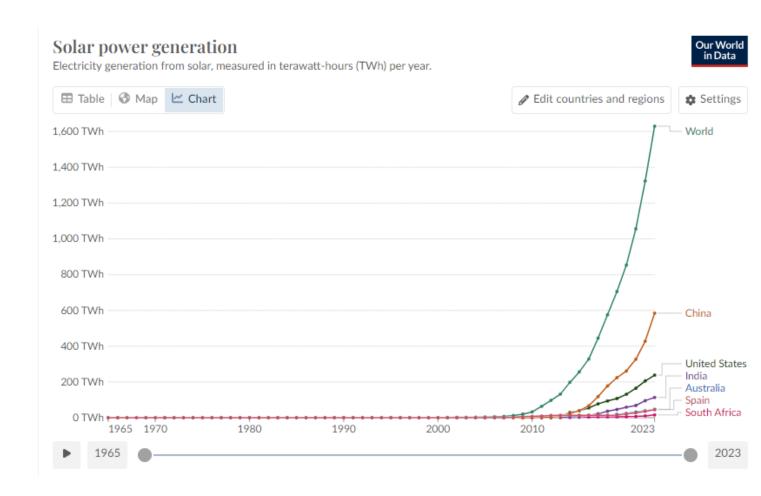


Solar

Solar power generation between 1965 and 2023

0 => 1600 TWh

12x Sweden's yearly consumption

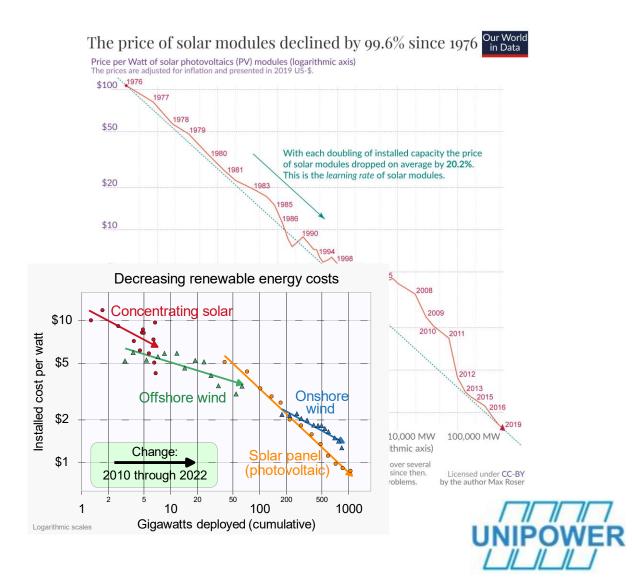




50 years of exponential price decline

The price of PV panels follows 'Moore's Law'... or at least some distant version of it.

-"What is determining the cost of renewable power is the cost of the power plant, the cost of the technology itself."



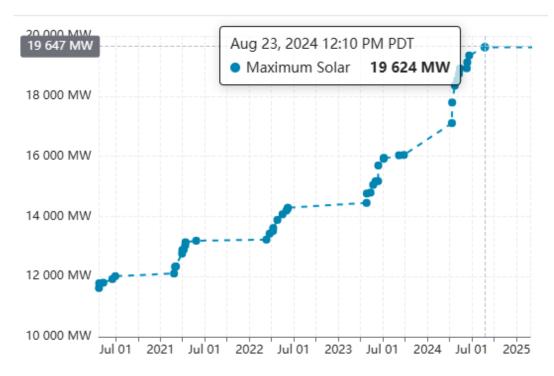
Solar Power Records in California

At 12:10 on the 23rd of August 2024, 19.6 GW of solar power was produced.

...That is slightly more than Sweden's peak consumption yesterday (19.1 GW).



Maximum Solar Record - CAISO





Energy Mix in Californa

7 days in February

15 GW of solar power at noon

6 GW of battery power after sunset

8 GW from imports from other states

8 GW from natural gas

2 GW of nuclear power

⇒It is possible to build a stable grid with renewables and batteries.

⇒Bonus if you can import power when needed ©





Battery Storage

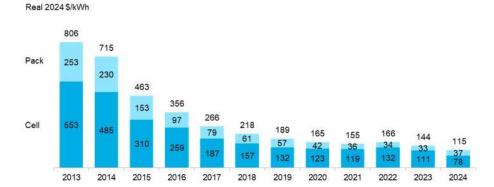
Rapid Price Reduction

From \$715/kWh in 2014 to \$115/kWh in 2024

84% price reduction over 10 years

60 GW of battery storage projects in Australia

Figure 1: Volume-weighted average lithium-ion battery pack and cell price split, 2013-2024



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Historical prices have been updated to reflect real 2024 dollars. Weighted average survey value includes 343 data points from passenger cars, buses, commercial vehicles and stationary storage.

Over 60 GW of battery storage projects under development in Australia 28 26 24 22 20 18 16 14 12 10 NSW QLD VIC SA TAS WA NT Source: Wood Mackenize Lens Power Service



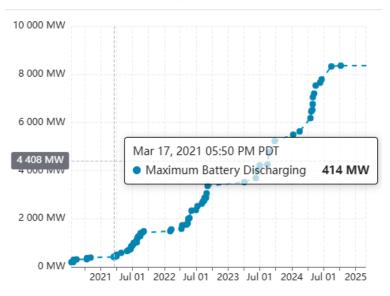
Battery Discharge Record

400 MW in 2021 8400 MW in 2024

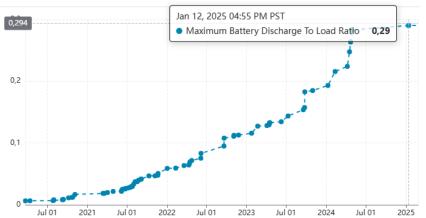
=> 21 times more power

At 16:55 on the 12th of January, almost 30% of the power come from batteries!

Maximum Battery Discharging Record - CAISO



Maximum Battery Discharge To Load Ratio Record - CAISO





Renewables will change our industry!

Distributed energy sources will change the topology and complexity of the grids



Conclusions – from a PQ perspective

Ensure Network Stability

Detect "Unknown Unknowns" effectively

Implement Real-Time Measurement and Response

Utilize Accurate Class A Data



Unknown Unknowns - Continuous scan

Automatic sampling speed depending on event.

PMU absolute phase angle measurements between different locations in the electrical network.

No special setup required

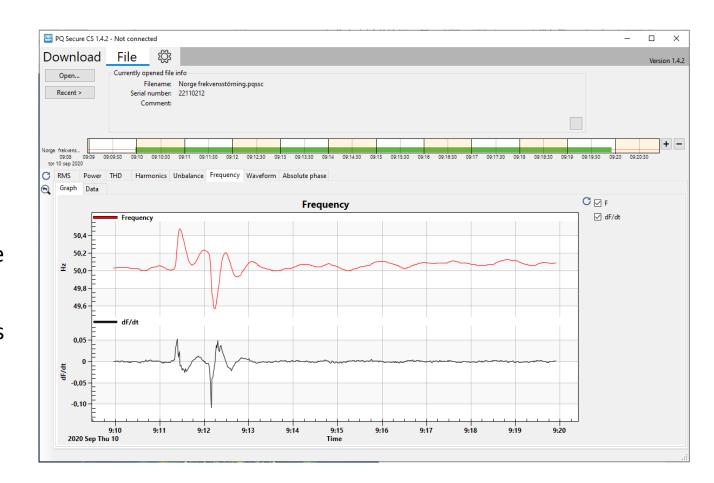
Continuous measurement of all data for several months. Norm compliant power quality measurement at the same time

Waveform presentation with resolution up to 1024 points per cycle

Load balance investigation. Study voltage and active and reactive power

Verifying renewable generation

Detailed study of network performance. Inrush current, filter response





Accurate Data – Class A

Unipower products are class A certified by METAS

Participating laboratories - BIPM

Certificate of Conformity No 213-01936

Type description

Туре	UNIPOWER UP-2210, UP-2210P, UP-2210R,
Classification	UP-2210P: PQI-A-FI1-H
	UP-2210R: PQI-A-FI1-H Unilyzer 900: PQI-A-PO-H as per IEC 62586-1:2017
Mode of connection	Direct or transformer operated instrument
Number of phases	3
Connection to power lines	
Maximum voltage	500 V
Maximum current	
Frequency	50 Hz, 60 Hz
Hardware version	
	UP-2210P: 2800/221008
	UP-2210R: 2800/221008
	Unilyzer 900: 2800/271003
Firmware version	. 4.48.542

Conformity assessment against IEC 62586-2:2017

Power quality parameter	Subclause	Compliance 65 V / 5 A – 50 Hz	Compliance 65 V / 5 A – 60 Hz
Power frequency	6.1	Yes	Yes
Magnitude of supply voltage	6.2	Yes	Yes
Flicker, class F1 (230 V / 50 Hz, 120 V / 60 Hz)	6.3	Yes	Yes
Supply voltage interruptions, dips and swells	6.4	Yes	Yes
Supply voltage unbalance	6.5	Yes	Yes
Voltage harmonics	6.6	Yes	Yes
Voltage interharmonics	6.7	Yes	Yes
Mains signalling voltages on the supply voltage	6.8	Yes	Yes
Flagging	6.10	Yes	Yes
Clock uncertainty testing	6.11	Yes	Yes
Variations due to external influence quantities	6.12	Yes	Yes
Rapid voltage changes (RVC)	6.13	Yes	Yes
Magnitude of current	6.14	Yes	Yes
Harmonic current	6.15	Yes	Yes
Interharmonic currents	6.16	Yes	Yes
Current unbalance	6.17	Yes	Yes
Remark: Subclause 6.9 is not applicable.	•		•



Federal Institute of Metrology METAS

Certificate of Conformity No 213-01936

Object **Power Quality Monitor** UNIPOWER, Sweden

UP-2210, UP-2210P, UP-2210R, Unilyzer 900

Unipower AB Applicant

Metallgatan 4C 44132 Alingsås Sweden

Requirements Certification IEC 61000-4-30:2015, class A

Testing according to IEC 62586-2:2017

Confirmation See page 2

Date of Examination 3 June 2019 to 5 March 2020

3003 Bern-Wabern, 12 June 2020

For the Examination Christian Santschi

Approved by Dr Cédric Blaser, Head of Laboratory

Laboratory Electrical Energy and Power



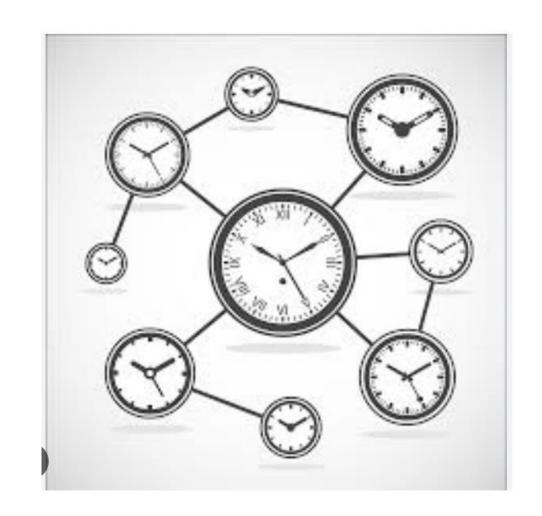
The importance of time-synchronization

To measure correct is to know

What about time?

Our instruments are time-synchronizing

- Global Positioning System (GPS)
 Time-Synchronization
- Network Time Protocol (NTP)
- Master-Slave Synchronization (Schedule server)





Unipower staff representing Sweden in IEC 61000-4-30 Class A, Working Group





Knowledge Transfer/Exchange

Upcoming training sessions:

- Sweden in May
- > KGRTC in October



